

Review of: "Health System Reform: Decentralization of Health System in Pakistan"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

While this paper presents a profound and intriguing exploration of the topic, it suffers from a significant limitation: the author lacks direct interaction with the respondents. In the context of the health sector and government initiatives to maintain a robust healthcare system, it is crucial to engage with the lower socioeconomic classes, who are predominantly affected by the deficiencies in healthcare management, as highlighted by the author.

Unfortunately, the author relies solely on secondary research materials, thereby failing to provide a valid representation of the experiences and challenges faced by Pakistani citizens suffering under these inadequate health systems. To enhance the paper's credibility and depth, I strongly recommend employing an ethnographic research method. This should include in-depth interviews, focused group discussions, and mobile ethnography. Such methods will offer readers valuable insights into public health system reforms, the Pakistani government's role, and the strategies implemented to mitigate health challenges.

Moreover, it is essential for the author to provide statistical data on mortality rates in the specific region(s) where the study is conducted. The current study appears to generalize the entire nation of Pakistan without pinpointing the exact locations of the research. This specificity will greatly enhance the paper's relevance and accuracy.

If these suggestions are meticulously incorporated, the paper will be significantly strengthened and more suitable for publication.

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