

Review of: "Burden and Predictors of Diabetic Nephropathy in an Adult With Diabetes Mellitus Patients on Follow up at Ambo University Referral Hospital Central, Ethiopia"

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Potential competing interests: No potential competing interests to declare.

Abstract

Starting from the abstract avoid using We.

In the method sub-section - A total of 4,300 diabetics are under observation – correct with A total of 4,300 diabetic patients were under observation.

In result sub-section - Diabetic Nephropathy (DN) was documented in population was 24.9% from the 369 participants (95%; CI 23.37– 26.43) participants among the study).- needs language edition.

poor controlled glycemia [AOR= 2.70; 1.40, 5.2), P = 0.003] were significant determinants for the development of Diabetic Nephropathy. Correct with--- were factors associated with ----

Conclusion: Among DM patients, sex, physical inactivity, dyslipidaemia, and poor – correct – first conclude the prevalence of DN high/low or ---

Introduction

In most case like - An increasing burden of DN has been reported in adult patients with diabetes in sub-Saharan Africa. With out specify the organization like according to the WHO/-- 2021/--report/assessment- overall the introduction section needs major revision?

Methods

Variables used in the study:

Predictor variables

Socio-demographic, clinical, anthropometric, and behavioural characterisation

Correct with independent variables because predictors used in follow-up study.

Data quality control- the authors not apply reliability and validity test?

